

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION™



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DA Reserve Component Survivor Benefit Plan (RCSBP) Soldier Brief Updated April 2011 Army G-1 Retirement Services Office

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Supporting Soldiers & Families – Active, Guard, Reserve and Retired



Our Goal



CHANGE.... MISINFORMATION
you may have heard on
RCSBP from
MISINFORMED People



INTO..... INFORMATION
from **INFORMED Experts**





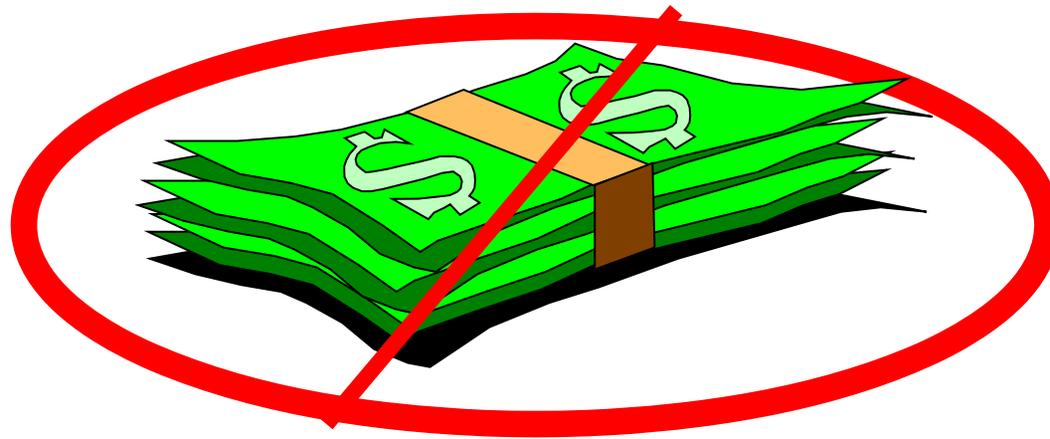
PURPOSE

- Break RCSBP down into manageable understandable blocks
- Allows RC Soldiers to make informed decisions on their individual RCSBP elections





THE BOTTOM LINE Without RCSBP



There is no annuity if the RC
Soldier dies prior to receipt of
retired pay



What Are The Risks?

No RCSBP :

Higher risk of
leaving your loved
ones with insufficient
income

RCSBP :

Cost versus Returns
What if I don't die
before age 60?





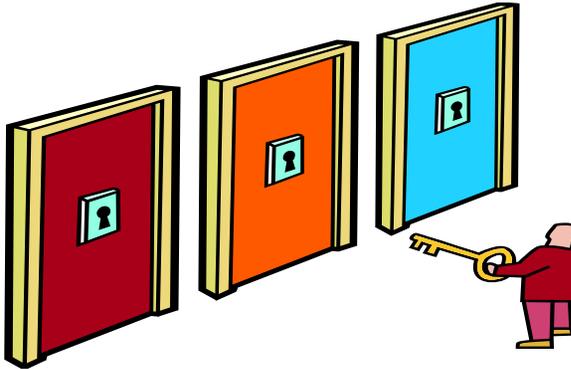
WHAT IS RCSBP?



- Enacted by Congress in 1978
- Sole means for a RC Soldier with 20 years of qualifying reserve service for retirement to provide a portion of their retired pay to survivors if they die before Non-regular Reserve Retirement
- RCSBP and SBP are paid as a monthly annuity to eligible survivors
- RCSBP decision affects SBP coverage at retirement
- Certain elections constitute an early SBP decision
- If retired from active duty, RCSBP elections are voided and there is no RCSBP cost for coverage received



ABOUT ELECTIONS



- **Must be made within 90 days of receipt of Notice of Eligibility for Retired Pay (20 Year Letter) packet from the Human Resource Command St. Louis (HRC St. Louis) or State Headquarters**
- **Certain elections need spouse concurrence**
- **Certain elections effect your SBP election**



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RCSBP Election Options

- All Elections made upon receipt of Notice of Eligibility to Receive Retired Pay (20 Year Letter)
 - Option A: No RCSBP Coverage with option to elect coverage when eligible to receive retired pay
 - Option B: RCSBP coverage with deferred annuity when the RC Soldier would turn age 60
 - Option C: RCSBP coverage with immediate annuity



RCSBP Option A

- If Option A (Decline election until Age 60)
 - No RCSBP coverage
 - Pay no annuity if death occurs pre-reserve retirement
 - If no eligible beneficiary at election, may elect RCSBP within one year of first obtaining an eligible beneficiary
- Effect on Non-regular retirement SBP
 - Must make SBP election on DD Form 2656, Data for Payment of Retired Personnel
 - Pay SBP premium for coverage elected
- RCSBP cost
 - No RCSBP coverage no cost



RCSBP Option B

- If Option B (Deferred Annuity)
 - RCSBP coverage
 - Annuity paid when RC Soldier would have begun receiving retired pay, normally age 60 or earlier with reduced retirement age
 - Must maintain election prior to non-regular retirement
- Effect on SBP at non-regular retirement
 - RCSBP becomes SBP election
- RCSBP cost when in receipt of retired pay
 - Pay RCSBP premium for RCSBP coverage received
 - Pay SBP premium for current coverage after receipt of retired pay



RCSBP Option C

- If Option C (Immediate Annuity)
 - RCSBP coverage
 - Pay annuity immediately at RC Soldiers death
 - Must maintain election prior to non-regular retirement
- Effect on non-regular retirement SBP
 - RCSBP becomes SBP election
- RCSBP cost
 - RCSBP premium for RCSBP coverage received
 - SBP cost for coverage after receipt of retired pay
 - RCSBP is more expensive than for Option B due to immediate payment of annuity



20 Year Letter

- Issued when RC Soldier attains 20 qualifying years of service
- Qualifying year is a complete year in which the RC Soldier earns 50 or more points
- Prior to 26 Apr 05, last 6 qualifying years of service for retirement must have been in the Reserves
- 15 year letter issued by NG only after Medical Board, NG Soldier asks for transfer to Retired Reserves, CG authorizes and publishes order. USAR requires HRC final approval.



Six Election Categories

- **Spouse Only**
- **Spouse & Child**
- **Child Only**
- **Former Spouse Only**
- **FS & Child**
- **Insurable Interest**





Spouse Option



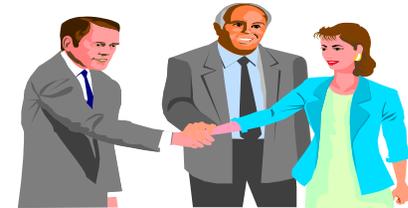
- provides annuity of 55% minus the RCSBP premium
- annuity paid forever (unless remarriage occurs pre-55)
- if remarriage ends, annuity reinstated
- increased annual by COLA
- taxable as an annuity
- RCSBP premiums stop when there is no eligible spouse or former spouse



RCSBP Spouse Concurrence

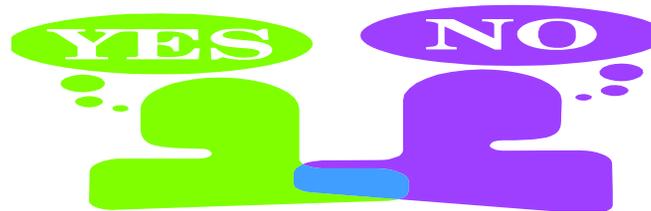
A **“JOINT”** Decision For Married Soldiers Who . . .

- Elect Option A, decline RCSBP
- Cover less than full retired pay
- Elect “child only”
- Elect Option B, deferred annuity



It is the Soldier’s election

- The spouse can only concur or non concur





Spouse & Child Option



- spouse = primary beneficiary
- children are secondary beneficiary and receive the annuity only if spouse can't (pre-55 remarriage or death) *and* they are still eligible
- child cost is based on yrs age difference between Soldier and youngest child
- cost of child coverage - very low
- When no eligible children remain, Child SBP cost stops but RCSBP cost continues



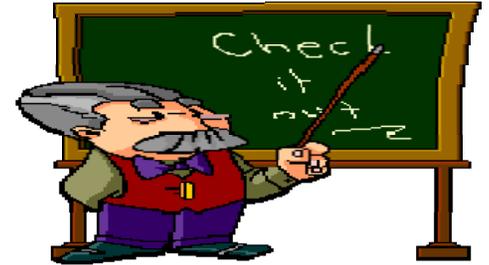
Child Only Option



- eligible until 18, or 22 if full-time, unmarried student
- unmarried incapacitated child - eligible forever
(if condition was incurred pre-18 or 22)
 - Note: It is recommended you research the impact of SBP for a fully disabled child may have on other benefits the child has or will receive.
- cost based on age difference at time of election
- all eligible children covered at one cost
- when no eligible children remain, Child SBP cost stops but RCSBP cost continues
- cheaper than “spouse” due to finite benefit but costlier option than child when with spouse since child is primary beneficiary
- annuity divided equally among all eligible



Advice--Seriously Consider Child Coverage!



Q: Why bother to cover my 21-year old son who graduates from college soon?

A: Because, if you elected Option B or Option C and did not elect RCSBP for an eligible child...

- you are “closing” the child category when there are eligible children for both RCSBP and SBP forever
- family complete? perhaps a step-, grand-, foster- or natural child is in your future
- incapacitation may occur while still eligible
- **Cost stops when no eligible children remain**



Former Spouse (FS) “Particulars”

- **FS coverage can be:**
 - **purely voluntary**
 - **incorporated into a written agreement**
 - **court-ordered**
- **If divorce prior to election:**
 - **If court Ordered, Soldier must elect FS or FS and child RCSBP at 20 year letter or could be held in contempt of court.**
 - **FS can provide HRC St. Louis divorce decree plus written request (DD Form 2656-10, Request for Deemed Election) for a deemed election within one year of the court order**
- **FS coverage can be changed if court order is amended or vacated by FS’s death.**





“Insurable Interest” Option



- **Who Can Elect:** unmarried Soldiers with no or one dependent child
- **Eligible Beneficiaries:** relative more closely related than cousin; or business associate w/financial interest in Soldier (proof needed)
- **Base Amount:** Must be full retired pay
- **Loss of Beneficiary:** May elect new beneficiary within 180 days of current beneficiary’s death.



“Insurable Interest” Option



- **Cost:** Very expensive option
 - **RCSBP Premium + SBP Premium (SBP: 10% plus 5% for each full 5 yrs younger beneficiary is than Soldier (maximum 40%))**
- **Benefit Calculation:** = 55%(Gross Retired pay – RCSBP Premium) or if in receipt of retired pay = 55%(Gross Retired pay – RCSBP/SBP Premium)

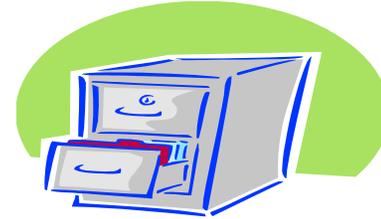


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No Beneficiary at 20 Year Letter?

- Keep RCSBP literature
- Keep “Echoes”
- Contact nearest RC RSO for a new briefing as soon as eligible beneficiary is gained
- Decision whether or not to enroll new family members **MUST** be made within one year of gaining them
- New spouse becomes eligible at 1-year marriage anniversary.
- Submit RCSBP change on a DD Form 2656-5, RCSBP Election Certificate





Beneficiary Update after RCSBP Election

- If you elected RCSBP Election option B or C, you must maintain your RCSBP election
 - Marriage, remarriage, divorce, death of a spouse, or gain a dependent child after your RCSBP election
 - Notify HRC within one year of the remarriage with desired election option and provide supporting documents (marriage certificate, birth certificate, death certificate, adoption, divorce decree)





STOP

Termination Feature

STOP

- can terminate SBP after 2 years of ret.
- one-year window between 25th and 36th months after start of retired pay
- spouse concurrence required
- barred from future enrollment
- no refund of past premiums
- No termination of RCSBP because it is for coverage already received



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RCSBP/SBP and Dependency and Indemnity Compensation (DIC)

- **SBP and DIC**
 - **SBP premiums are refunded to the spouse for any portion of SBP that is offset by DIC**
 - **RCSBP/SBP is offset dollar for dollar by DIC**
 - **Currently DIC is only payable if member's death is determined by the VA to be service connected**
 - **RCSBP/SBP provides annuity if death is not determined to be service connected**





Special Survivor Indemnity Allowance (SSIA)

- SSIA is paid to spouses whose SBP annuity is fully or partially offset by DIC.
- SSIA will be paid to the surviving spouse if
 - entitled to DIC, receiving an SBP annuity either partially or completely offset by DIC; and SBP offset is at least equal to the SSIA
 - Payments will be paid in the following monthly amounts:
 - For months during fiscal year 2011, \$70; 2012, \$80; 2013, \$90; 2014, \$150; 2015, \$200; 2016, \$275; 2017, \$310
 - Ends 1 Oct 2017 unless extended by Congress





Base Amount



- amount of retired pay (in dollars) participation is based on
- minimum, by law = \$300
- maximum, by law = full retired pay
- may choose any \$\$ amount between



Can I Tailor RCSBP To Meet My Needs? Yes....Think “Base Amount”

Challenge: What base amount should I cover to meet our needs?

Solution: Divide the goal amount by 55%.



Examples:

\$1000 annuity -- choose \$1818 as base

\$ 500 annuity -- choose \$ 909 as base



The Annuity

Amount:



- **Annuity is 55% of the base amount elected regardless of the annuitants age**



RCSBP Cost Calculations



- **RCSBP calculator based on retired pay and age at time of enrollment.**
- **RC retired pay based on retired grade, service longevity, and creditable retirement points.**
- **RC cost factor calculated by the DA Actuary**
- **HRC RCSBP calculator is available at**

<https://www.hrc.army.mil/site/reserve/soldierservices/retirement/retirementcalc.aspx>



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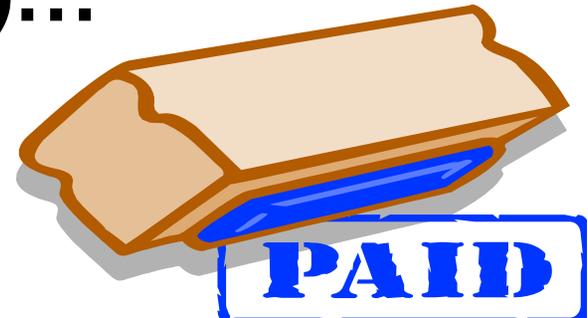
“30-Year Paid-Up Provision”

- effective 1 Oct 2008
- no further cost (but annuity payable)

- AFTER...

- 30 years of paying RCSBP/SBP Premiums (360 payments)...

- AND
- reaching age 70



- **Note: Must make 360 RCSBP payments to be paid-up for RCSBP and 360 SBP payments to be paid-up for SBP and RCSBP**



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RCSBP Election and Active Duty Retirement

- **Affect of RCSBP election on active duty retirement**
 - **RCSBP election has no affect on active duty retirement**
 - **Must make separate SBP election**
 - **There is no cost for RCSBP coverage already received prior to active duty retirement**



Life's Certainties?

Civilians:

1--death

2--taxes



Retirees:

3--Can't outlive retired pay

Annuitants:

4--Can't outlive SBP annuity





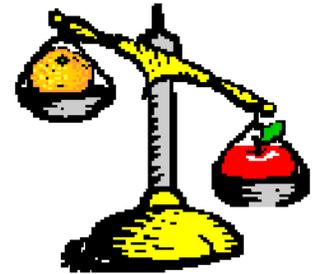
RCSBP POSITIVES



- **Only way to provide an annuity based on your eligibility for retirement if you die prior to your nonregular retirement**
- **Tax-free premiums**
- **Inflation-adjusted annuity**
- **Level-term plan annuity of 55 percent**
- **“Paid-up” after 30 years paying premiums + age 70**
- **Annuitants cannot outlive RCSBP/SBP annuity**
- **Age, health, smoking, sex, lifestyle -- not considered**
- **Can only be changed by Congress**
- **Income safety net; peace of mind**



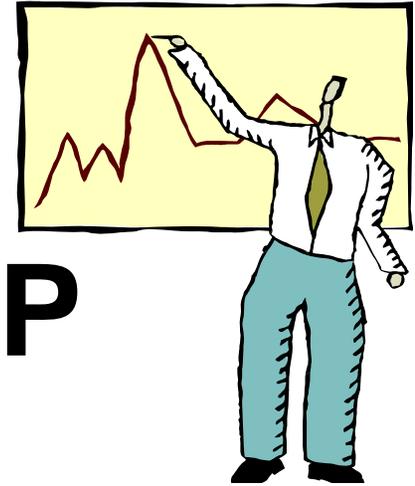
Four Main Points When Comparing RC SBP and SBP to Life Insurance



- It takes a surprising amount of insurance to do for the spouse what SBP will (based on averages).
- It will take a lot more insurance if the spouse outlives the retiree by the longest period of time.
- The amount of insurance needed over time rises due to inflation.
- Even though insurance may appear to be an inexpensive “alternative” *at retirement*, it’s harder to obtain & increasingly expensive as you age.



HQDA's Advice To All Retiring Soldiers



**“Do not forfeit RCSBP
without having full
knowledge of what you
are giving up.”**

(Chief, Army Retirement Services)



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For More RCSBP Information....

Log on to:

<http://www.armyg1.army.mil/retire>

<https://www.hrc.army.mil/site/Reserve/soldierservices/retirement/index.htm>

Contact:

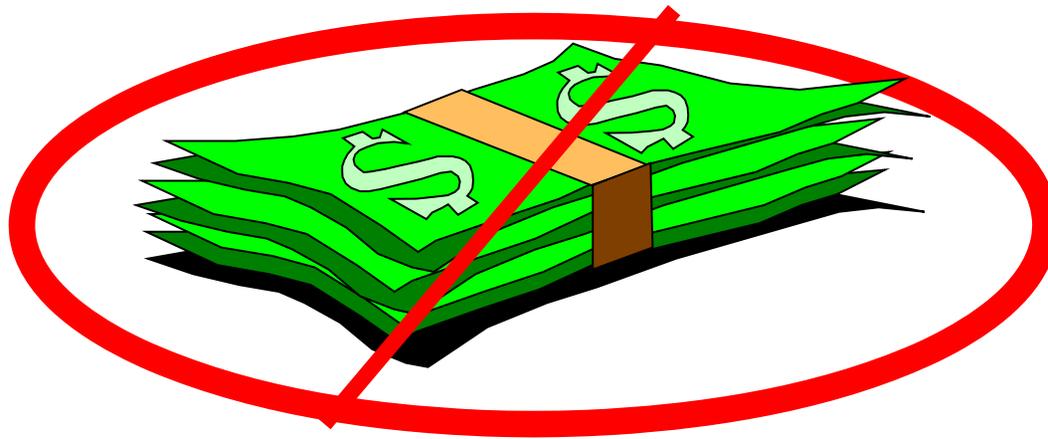
askhrc.army@us.army.mil

1-888-ARMYHRC (1-888-276-9472)





THE BOTTOM LINE Without RCSBP



**There is no annuity if the RC
Soldier dies prior to receipt
of retired pay**